Screen Everyone

“Do you ever have difficulty making ends meet at the end of the month?”

(Sensitivity 98%, specificity 40% for living below the poverty line)

Poverty is a Risk Factor

Consider:
New immigrants, women, Indigenous peoples, and LGBTQ+ are among the highest risk groups.

Example 1:
If an otherwise healthy 35-year-old comes to your office, without risk factors for diabetes other than living in poverty, you consider ordering a screening test for diabetes.

Example 2:
If an otherwise low-risk patient who lives in poverty presents with chest pain, this elevates the pre-test probability of a cardiac source and helps determine how aggressive you are in ordering investigations.

Intervene

Ask Everyone: “Have you filled out and sent in your tax forms?”

- Ask questions to find out more about your patient—their employment, living situation, social supports, and the benefits they receive. Tax returns are required to access many income security benefits: e.g., GST / HST credits, child benefits, working income tax benefits, and property tax credits. Connect your patients to Free Community Tax Clinics.
- Even people without official residency status can file returns.
- Drug Coverage: The patient must have up-to-date tax filings and must also be a client of the Department of Social Development in order to access the New Brunswick Prescription Drug Program and the Health Service Program. Visit the website for more information.

Ask questions to find out more about your patient—their living situation, and the benefits they currently receive.

Ensure you and your team are aware of resources available to patients and their families. Start with Canada Benefits.

Intervene by connecting your patients and their families to benefits, resources, and services.
**Intervening can have a profound impact on your patients' health**

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<th>Patient Group</th>
<th>Ask</th>
<th>Educate</th>
<th>Intervene &amp; Connect</th>
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<tr>
<td>Seniors</td>
<td>Do you receive Old Age Security (OAS) and Guaranteed Income Supplement (GIS)?</td>
<td>Individuals over 65 who live in poverty should receive at least $1,200/month in income through OAS, GIS, and grants from filing a tax return.</td>
<td>Start with Canada Benefits to identify and access income supports for patients and families. Use this in your office with patients and provide them with the link.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Families with Children</td>
<td>Do you receive the Universal Child Care Benefit on the 20th of every month?</td>
<td>Income supports can be obtained by applying for Canada Child Benefit when filing income tax returns. Eligible families can receive up to $6,400/year for each eligible child under the age of six, and $5,400/year for each eligible child aged 6 to 17. Families may be eligible for additional benefits through certain provincial programs. Eligible families can also receive $249.96/year/child.</td>
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<td>Indigenous peoples (First Nations, Inuit, Métis)</td>
<td>Are you registered under the Indian Act or recognized by an Inuit Land Claim organization?</td>
<td>Indigenous peoples registered under the Indian Act or recognized by the Inuit Land Claim organization can qualify for Non-Insured Health Benefits (NIHB), which pays for drugs and extended health benefits not covered by provincial plans.</td>
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<td>Social Assistance Recipients</td>
<td>Have you applied for extra income supplements?</td>
<td>Additional benefits available include: transportation, medical supplies, special diet, employment supports, drug &amp; dental, vision, hearing, women in transition/interval houses, Advanced Age Allowance, community participation, and other discretionary benefits.</td>
<td>Speak with patients' social services workers. Contact the Department of Social Development for the Social Assistance program, and to access the Health Service Program and the New Brunswick Prescription Drug Program at (506) 453-2001</td>
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| People with Disabilities       | Do you receive payments for disability? | Major disability programs available: CPP Disability, EI Sickness, Disability Tax Credit (DTC), Veterans Benefits, WorkSafe New Brunswick, Employers' long term protection, Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP). DTC can provide up to ~$1,800/year in tax savings (plus retroactive payments) and is required to receive other benefits including the RDP, which provides up to $20,000 in grants. | Use a detailed social and medical history to determine the programs to which you can connect your patients. Complete forms such as:  
  • Canada Revenue Agency Form T2201 |

**Key Resources**

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<tr>
<th>Canada Benefits</th>
<th>Public Legal Education and Information Service of New Brunswick</th>
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<td>(<a href="http://www.canadabenefits.gc.ca">www.canadabenefits.gc.ca</a>)</td>
<td>(<a href="http://www.legal-info-legale.nb.ca">www.legal-info-legale.nb.ca</a>)</td>
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Canada Benefits provides a full listing of federal and provincial income and other supports, organized by personal status (e.g., “parent,” “indigenous peoples”) or life situation (e.g., “unemployment,” “health concerns”), with links to the relevant program websites and to application forms.

Public Legal Education and Information Service of New Brunswick is a non-profit, charitable organization offering free law information products and services to the entire province.

**Remember:** As health care providers, it is our responsibility to provide complete and detailed information that accurately portrays our patients' health status and disabilities. It is NOT our role to serve as the gatekeepers for income security.
